



One-Stop Shops in Europe: their role in the energy transition



Source: Graphics by Sziptner, G. published in (Csoknyai, Barna et al. 2013)

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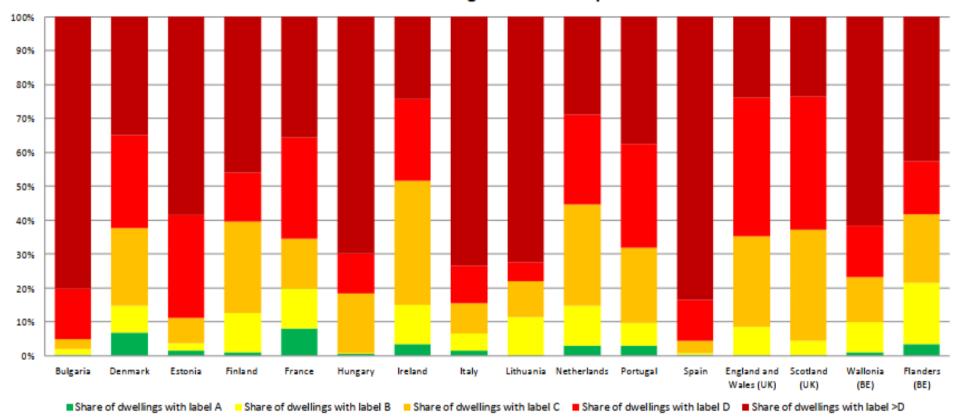
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Macroregional cooperation on promoting green economic transition 07. Dec. 2021



The European challenge – decarbonizing the building stock

Distribution of the building stock in the EU per EPC class





Can OSS contribute to energy savings?



Points of intervention for improved building stock energy performance:

- ✓ New buildings: minimizing floorspace growth, increasing performance requirements while ensuring compliance;
- ✓ Existing buildings: increasing renovation rate;
- ✓ Existing buildings: ensuring renovation depth;
- ✓ Use phase: supporting sustainable decisions and behaviour.



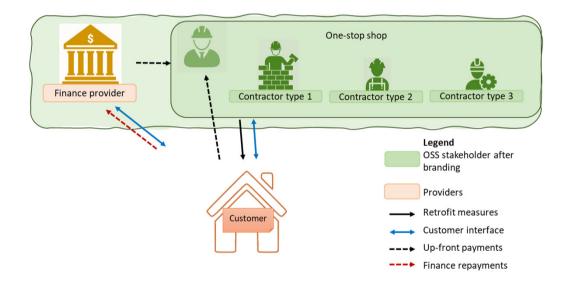


What are one-stop shops (OSS)?

One-stop shops offer:

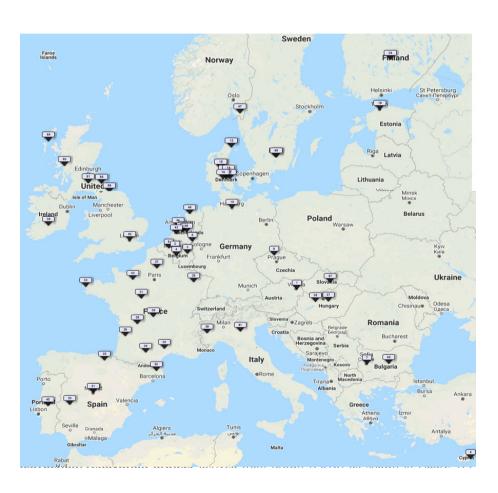
- holistic, integral solutions
- for residential building renovation
- even towards nZEB for reasonable costs and good quality
- facilitation tools from the clients' perspective;
- and innovative business models from the suppliers' perspective.
- -> overcomes market fragmentation on both the demand side and the supply side by offering holistic, whole-value-chain renovation solutions.

Integrated home energy renovation





The European OSS map



- 63 OSS in 22 EU MS + NO = 1/4 whole market
- boom in the last 5-10 years
- 10-500 projects per year/OSS

RenoBooster (Vienna), HomeGrade (Brussels), RenoWatt (Liege), CLEAR-BE (Belgium), Huisdokter (Limburg), Vlaams E. (Flanders), Rhodoshop PDU (Rhodope), EEE C. (Sofia), Aradippou OSS (Aradippou), Litoměřice OSS (Litoměřice), Bauteam Hamburg (Hamburg), Energiesprong-DE (Germany), Frederikshavn OSS (Frederikshavn), BedreBolig (Denmark), CLEAN GBG (Denmark), BetterHome (Denmark), CleanTech (Denmark), ProjektLavenergi (Denmark), Sustain Solutions (Denmark), KredEx (Tallin), OSS-Ex (Extremadura), CLEAR-ES (Spain), Opengela (Basque Country), HolaDomus (Olot), ENRA (Finland), SEM Ile-de-France Energie (Paris), ARTEE (Nouvelle-Aquitaine), Picardie Pass (Picardie), Oktave (Région Grand-Est), BME (Bordeaux), AREC (Occitanie), Région Centre-Val de Loire OSS (Val de Loire), Normandie OSS (Normandie), Brest OSS (Brest), EIE (Toulouse), Energiesprong-FR (France), RenoHUb (Hungary), Projekt Doktor (Hungary), Superhomes (Tipperary), PDA Piemonte (Piemonte), CLEAR-IT (Italy), Center for Sustainability (Parkstad), Reimarkt (Netherlands), WoonWijzerWinkel Rotterdam (Rotterdam), CLEAR-NL (Netherlands), Haarlemse Huizenaanpak (Haarlem), Stroomversnelling (Netherlands), Slim Wonen (Leeuwarden), Bolig Enøk (Ostfold), CLEAR-PT (Portugal), Vaxjo OSS (Småland-Blekinge), Retrofit Works (UK), Ecofurb (London), ALlenergy (Argyll & Bute), TIG (The Western Isles), Renovation Underwriting (UK), Energiesprong-UK (UK), MunSEFF, SlovSEFF (Slovakia), REECL (Bulgaria), SIRE (Spain), Zerohome (Denmark), Mantova OSS (Mantova), FinEERGo (various EEU),

Barriers to renovation

Barriers

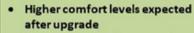
- · I do not own the dwelling
- The right point in time has just not come to upgrade
- Plans to move soon
- Building protection regulations prevent me from upgrading

- · I do not manage to make a decision for what to do
- The right point in time has just not come to upgrade
- · Unsure about the saving potential for energy costs after an upgrade
- Not enough economic resources
- Difficult to know if information about energy upgrades can be trusted
- Demands much time to supervise the contractors
- · The right point in time has just not come to upgrade
- I do not manage to make a decision for what to do
- Not enough economic resources

Deciding how to do

Deciding how to implement





- · Better living conditions in the dwelling expected after upgrade
- Reduction of energy costs expected after upgrade
- Increased market value of the dwelling expected after upgrade
- · Payoff of the investment within a reasonable time frame
- Positive health effects expected after upgrade
- · The building standard of the dwelling is perceived as a waste of energy
- · There are subsidy schemes in place supporting the upgrade
- (Unsure about the saving potential for energy costs after an upgrade)

- Information about energy upgrade is easily accessible
- Reduction of energy costs expected after upgrade

Deciding

what to do

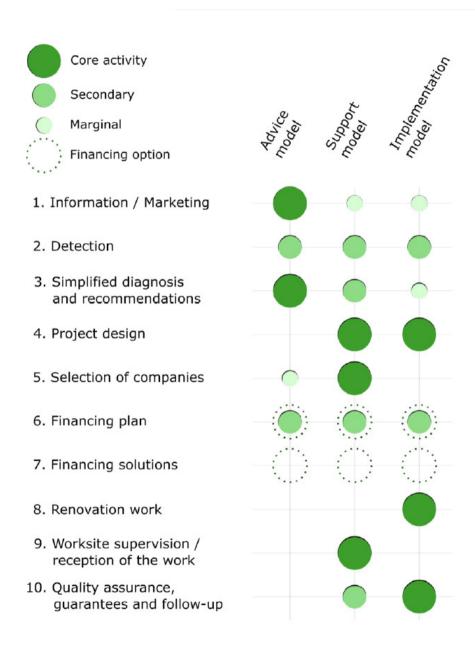
- Payoff of the investment within a reasonable time frame
- Positive health effects expected after upgrade
- · Better living conditions in the dwelling expected after upgrade
- Higher comfort levels expected after upgrade
- There are subsidy schemes in place supporting the upgrade
- (Building protection regulations) prevent me from upgrading)
- (I do not own the dwelling)

- Payoff of the investment within a reasonable time frame
- Higher comfort levels expected after upgrade

Drivers



The OSS value chain







Increasing the impact of OSS

Types of OSS:

- Government-driven: climate and/or energy targets.
- Industry: to extend businesses or improve customer care.
- ESCO: complex offerings extended
- Facilitators: Consultants extending services
- Cooperatives: societal benefits
- Store OSS: A large store or a warehouse with new service.

Financial mechanisms:

- Energy Performance Contracting (EnPC)
- Referred bank loans
- Financial instruments 8 investment funds
- Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE)

Interactive elements:

- Combine with refurbishment aims: point of transaction
- Collaborate with transaction (estate agent) companies
- Pre-fabricated technical elements
- Pooling of buildings
- Digitalisation
- Financial instruments
- EPC or other information tools



Deep renovation examples

Name: Espace-Info-Energie

Country: FR

- Toulouse-based OSS
- Public office
- Active in energy transition and financial aid at home
- "Positive Energy Families" since 2008, and other awareness raising and motivating projects
- 2015-2016: 8,000 participating households, totaling 8,500,000 kWh of energy savings, equivalent to taking 4,000 cars off the road.

Name: **Energiesprong**

Country: NL

- originally government-funded pilot (2016)
- whole house retrofits at no extra costs
- 5000 houses in NL
- Transfer to FR, UK, DE, N-IT
- aims at nZEB standard
- new technologies, incl. prefabricated facades, insulated rooftops with solar panels, smart heating, and ventilation and cooling installations.

Name: <u>HomeGrade</u>

Country: BE

- municipality, department
- free-of-charge
- financial, step-by-step technical and administrative assistance on energy renovation projects
- provides support to ambitious projects due to the stringent building standards in Brussels
- Social, technical and financial innovations (energy poverty alleviation)

Replicability

Renovation journey step		One-stop shop element	Rating
Ć;	Attract customer	Direct marketing	
		Social marketing/ awareness-raising	
		Website	
>======================================	Initial Assessment	Indication of potential energy and cost savings	
		Automated building renovation passport	
	Work Programme Conception	On-site visit (social interaction)	
		On-site visit (digital help to expert)	
	Work Programme Definition	Contract	
		Project planning	
డిడ్డింది	Selection of professionals	Identification and matching of professionals	
	Renovation and Follow-up	Training and skills	
		Quality assurance process (certification/ training)	
		Quality assurance process (follow-up)	









Thank you for your attention!

Acknowledgements, sources:

- Boza-Kiss, B., Bertoldi, P., Della Valle, N. and Economidou, M. 2021. One-stop shops for residential building energy renovation in the EU: Analysis & policy recommendations. JRC Publication
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The Enerfist project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 839509. The sole responsibility for the content of this presentation lies with the authors. It does not necessarily reflect the opinion of the European Union. Neither the EASME nor the European Commission are responsible for any use that may be made of the information contained therein.





Support slides



The global challenge – finding the 1.5°C pathway

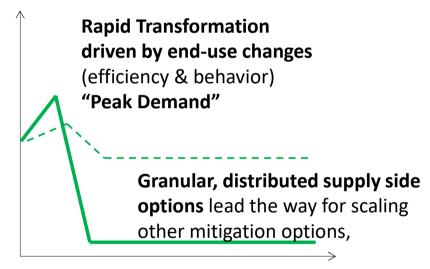
Overshoot as

supply-side options scale slowly, but need massive long-term deployment for high demand scenarios

Inertia in policy, social & technology change, continued demand growth

Negative emissions, e.g. BECCS

Conventional wisdom



"Grand Restoration" sink enhancement via returning land to nature

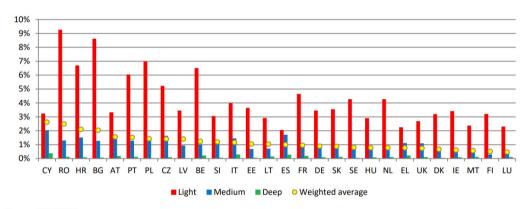
Demand-side solutions

7. Dec. 202



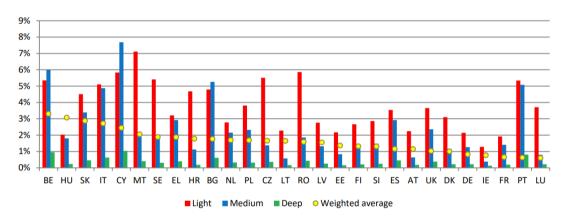
Renovation data

Figure 3. Renovation rates in residential buildings in the EU28 Member States by renovation level, annual average 2012–2016.



Source: JRC, 2020

Figure 4. Renovation rates in non-residential buildings in the EU28 Member States by renovation level, annual average 2012-2016.



Source: JRC, 2020



Costs and price of the services

Costs incurred

Typical costs reported by the observed 23 OSSs are:



human resources, such as one or few architects or engineers, marketing specialists, an IT specialist, and a financial expert



office space, which ranged from traditional corporate offices, where the team works if the OSS is solely online to large info spots. There are a few exceptional cases in our OSS list:

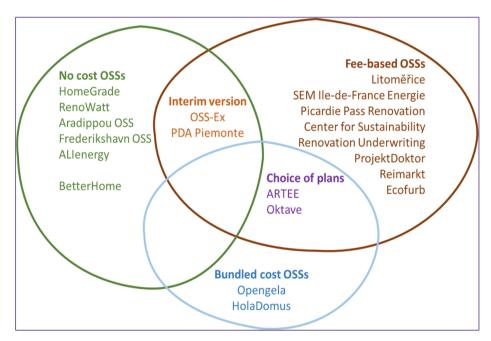


IT tools for customer engagement



IT support to the craftsmen

Price to be paid by customers



7. Dec. 2021

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Three perspectives

Barriers

Owners (demand side)



- Hassle
- Lack of technical knowledge
- Too many options
- Lack of time
- Bad experience
- Lack of understanding of importance

- **Solution** Act as project coordinator
 - Single point of contact

Contractors (supply side)



- Need for adverts/self-promotion
- Too much transaction time/cost
- Impact from "bad" contractors (lack of trust)
- Need to deal with complaints
- Need to diversify its simple&single offer

Tools

- Handle customers (pre and post contracts)
- Model contracts and/or act as contractor

Financiers (banks)



- Lack of understanding of the potential
- Lack of technical knowledge
- Lack of experience in evaluating EE projects/clients
- Lack of capacity to evaluate projects
- Connect banks to good clients
- Help clients access financing
- Best match

What makes OSS successful?

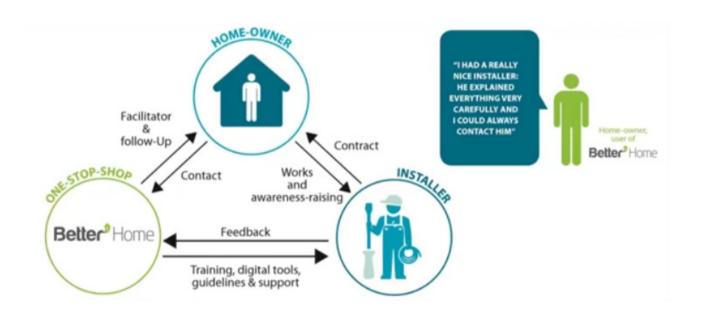


Home renovation one-stop shops:

- ... locally embedded, know the local market, the local clients and the local conditions;
- ... have an interactive relationship with the clients;
- ... can follow-up on finished projects, carry out stepwise renovation;
- ... accelerate building refurbishments by informing, motivating, as well as by assisting building owners to follow through energy efficiency investments, by providing support from the start to the end;
- ... facilitate interested, but not yet committed energy users/asset owners to actually implement an energy saving measures or other sustainable projects;
- ... can facilitate access to financing and occasionally offer better rates;
- ... potentially improve the average renovation depth in terms of energy performance through the holistic approach;
- ... (some) reach out to vulnerable populations, such as tenants of social houses.



Industry example: BetterHome





Local authority initiative example: Picardie

