

FramWat Final Conference

June 9th, 2020 (web online conference)

FroGIS tool

Landscape valorisation method to support planning process of Natural Small Water Retention Measures. Application in Slaná river basin, Blh sub-catchment.

Slovak Water Management Enterprise, state enterprise / Warsaw University of Life Sciences Monika Supeková, Jozef Dobias / Dorota Pusłowska Tyszewska, Ignacy Kardel, Tomasz Okruszko

LANDSCAPE VALORIZATION METHOD



Main objective of water retention in the landscape is to identify localities with different predisposition to plan (planning purposes) Natural (Small) Water Retention Measures out of urban areas within the catchment.

Method shall be universal and that is why few statistical methodes, which helps to choose adequate indicators, are used.

Purpose: to develop a valorization map that shows posibility and need for water retention as the basis to plan measures.

How: using generally available spatial data and GIS analysis

Users: Water Managment Autority, Expert, Company, Teacher, Student



LANDSCAPE VALORIZATION METHOD

Interreg CENTRAL EUROPE European Union European Regional Europea

MAP OF INDEX

SAVE PROJECT &

22

24

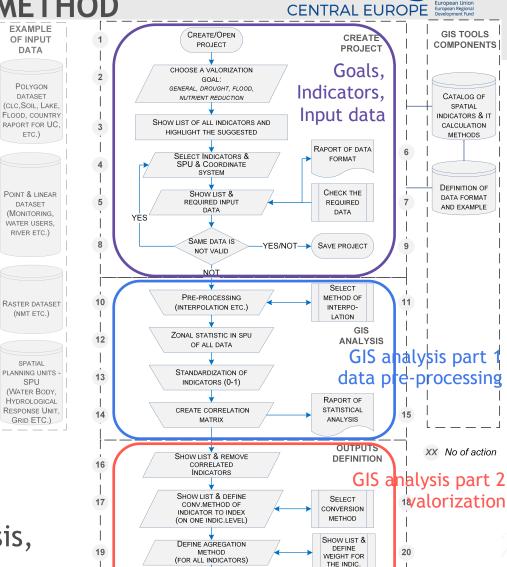
Results

Benefits:

- improving the planning process at the beginning by considering environmental conditions
- increasing awareness of the integrated approach to water management
- improving the use of public data

Web based: multicriteria analysis, special planning tool





COMPUTE AGGREGATE

VALUES IN SPU

VALORISATION

RAPORT

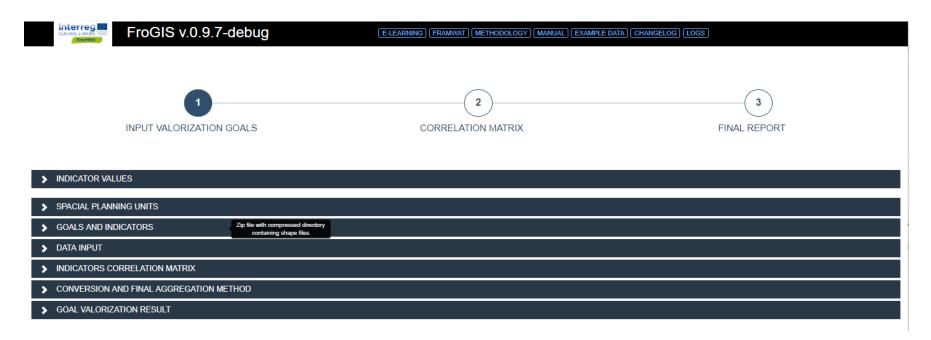
21

23

FROGIS WEB APPLICATION



- to simplify landscape valorization process



available at: http://waterretention.sggw.pl for developers (open-source code): https://gitlab.com/framwat can be installed on Unix, OS or Windows

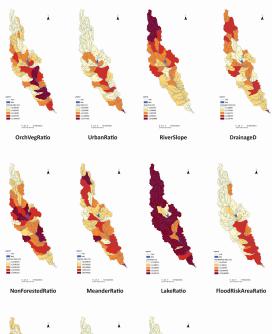


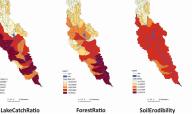


INDICATOR CHARACTERISTICS

					Indica	tor type	
			Climate	Hydrology	Hydrogeology & soils	Topography & hydrography & land use	Quality of water & ecosystems
	Drought (24)	4	7	2	9	
Purpose of N(S)WRM	Flood (21)		1	5	1	13	1
ose WF	Water	. /4E\				^	
<u>S</u>	Goal	•	Inicator			name	
Pu N	Sedim		CWB		Clim	atic Water Ba	lance

ıl	Group	Inicator	Full name	
		CWB	Climatic Water Balance	
		CWB_Var_a	Monthly Climatic Water Balance Var	140000 100000 100000 100000 1000000 1000000
		CWB Var m	Climatic Water Balance Variability ir ratio	LakeCatchRatio
_	Climatic	Pre_Var_a	Precipitation sum - average intra yea	r variability













Gener

Drought prevention

Soil

Precipitation Variability for the multiannual period - ratio Frequency of precipitation lower than 75% of the PrecFreqLow75 multiannual average Soil Water Retention

Water yield (specific runoff) for mean flow [swMMQ]

Hydrogeological GRR Ground Renewable Resources FloVarRatio_m Flow Variability multiannual Ratio of mean low flow [swMLQ] to mean high flow

FloMinAvgRatio [swMHQ] Hydrological

WaterYieldAvgFlow

Pre_Var_m

SWR

WaterYieldMinFlow Water yield (specific runoff) for low flow [swMLQ]

INDICATOR CHARACTERISTICS





Indicator name	Description	Popis	Jednotky	Topics	Required input data	Goal drought	Goal	Goal waters quality	Goal sediment transport	stimulant / non- stimulant	Importance
		pomer výmery ornej pôdy k									1
ArableRatio	Arable area in SPU area ratio	výmere SPU	%	Landuse	Arable layer;		_				
		miera podielu riečneho odtoku,									
		ktorý pochádza zo zdrojov									
		podzemných vôd. Čím väčšia je									1
		priepustnosť horniny, tým									
DEL	Basa Slave Indae	vyššia je hladina rieky v období		Under Leave	Bassian Index Bassian Index						
BFI	Base Flow Index	suchého počasia klimatická rovnováha vody	-	Hydrology	BaseFlow Index; BaseFlow Index;						
		počas vegetačnej sezóny –									
		priemerná teplota od 10 st. C,									
		pomer zrážok k potenciálnej									1
		evapotranspirácii (je									
cwB	Climatic Water Balance	maximálny možný výpar z pôdy	mm	Climate	Avarage Climatic Water Balance;						
-	connecte water barance	Hustota odtoku je celková dĺžka		cimiate	Availage connacte water barance,						
		všetkých tokov a riek v povodí									
		delená celkovou plochou									1
DrainageD	Drainage Density	povodia.	km/km2	Hydrography	River;						
_	Arable lands in 20-meters	pomer výmery plochy 20 m									
	buffer around surface waters	buffer okolo vodných plôch a									1
EcoAraBuf20mRatio	area to SPU area ratio	tokov k výmere SPU	%	Ecology	River; Lake; Arable layer;						
	Semi-natural land cover types	pomer výmery poloprírodnej									
EcoAreaRatio	area to SPU area ratio	pôdy k výmere SPU	%	Ecology	Semi-natural land;						
	Bad morphological elements	pomer dĺžky úsekov so zlou									
	length to total length of river in	morfológiou k celkovej dĺžke									2
EcoBadRHS	SPU	tokov v SPU	%	Ecology	River; River Hydromorphology Status;						
	Combination of number of semi	kombinácia počtu									
	natural land cover patches and	poloprírodných oblastí k ich									2
EcoCombined	their area	výmere	-	Ecology	Landuse layer; Semi-natural land;						
	Number of semi-natural land	pomer počtu poloprírodných									
	cover patches to total number	oblastí k celkovému počtu									2
EcoNumRatio	of land cover patches in SPU	oblastí využitia krajiny v SPU	%	Ecology	Landuse layer; Semi-natural land;						
		pomer výmery plôch									
l		povodňového rizika q100 k			Flood extent (e.g. probability 1% (100						1
FloodRiskAreaRatio	Flood hazard zone area ratio	výmere SPU	%	Hydrology	years));						

Indicators impact: Stimulant / Non-Stimulant



INDICATORS CLASSIFICATION

Topographic Wetness Index (TWI)

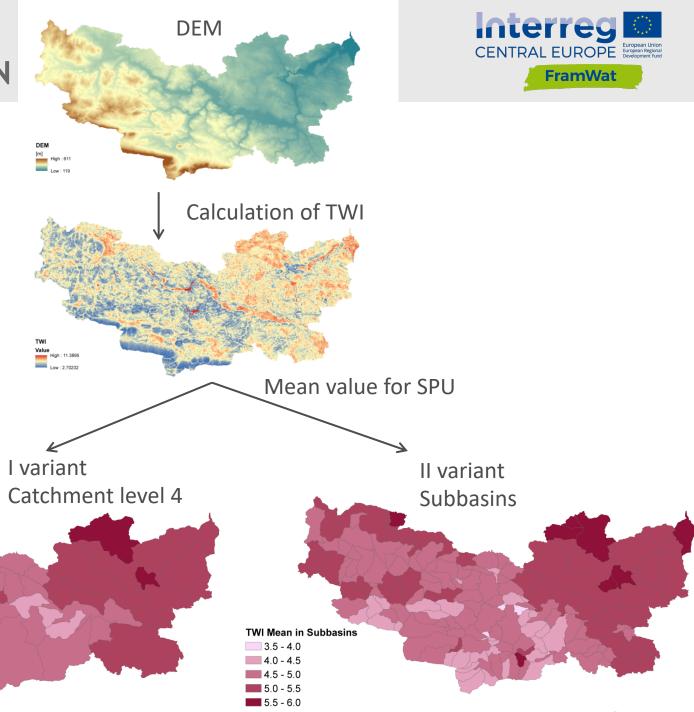
TWI Mean in SWB

3.5 - 4.0

4.0 - 4.5 4.5 - 5.0

5.0 - 5.5

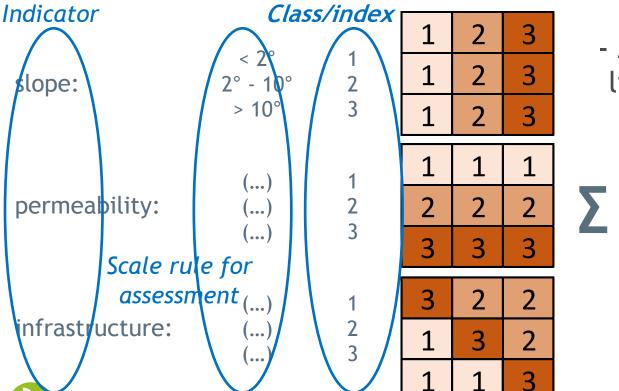
5.5 - 6.0



VALORIZATION PROCEDURE



- Indicators: slope, permeability, presence of valuable infrastructure
- Division of indicators into classes/index: small (1), mean (2) or large (3)



Result (general)

- Assigning actions to limit surface runoff

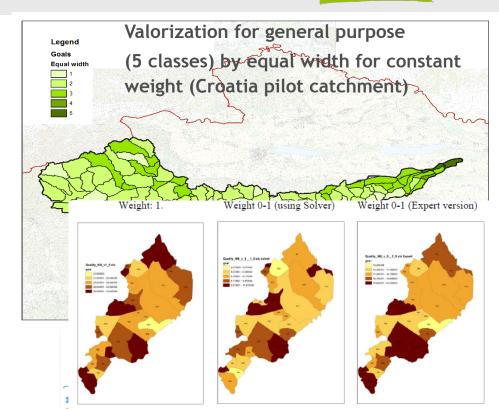
	5	5	6
$\Sigma \rightarrow$	4	7	7
	5	6	9

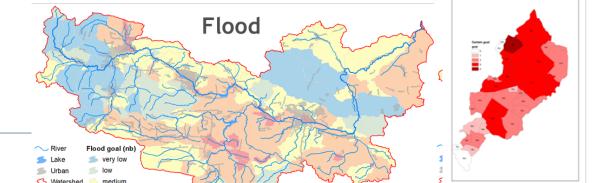
Slupia CALININGRA DEKAVA OBLAST ZACHODNIOZOMORSKIE Upper WARMINSKO, MAZIERSKIE Narew • 1 uauskir Orlap LUBELSKIE Kamienna Dresden SACHSEN FORKARFACKIE Drogobych Slana OBEROS TERREICH Bratislava Nagykun Legend Test catchments Kaminska **Bistrica** Bednja

TESTED IN PILOT Interreg **CATCHMENTS**

Planned measures in SPU's







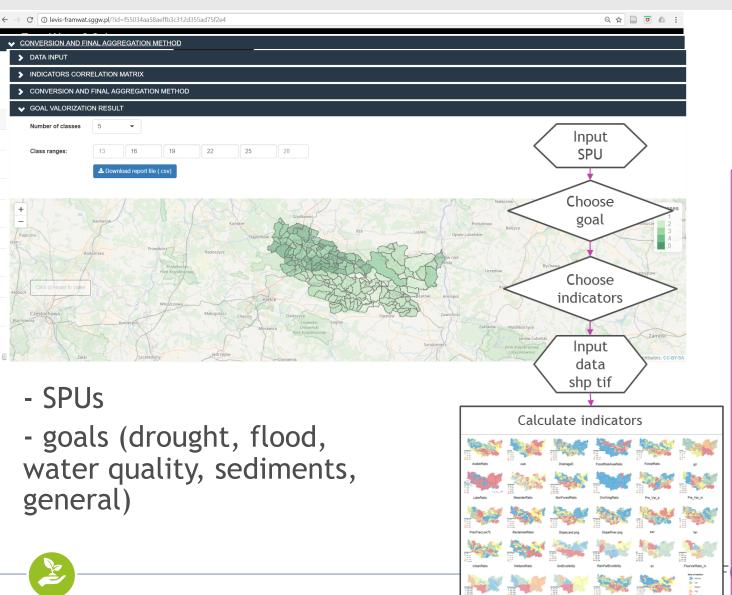
Valorization for water quality (5 classes) by natural breaks (Hungarian pilot catchment)

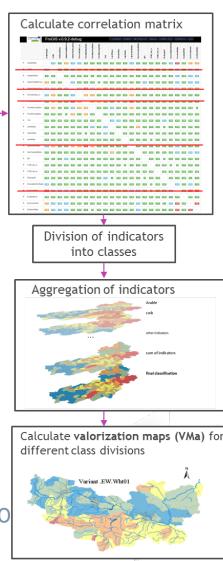
Figure 19. Comparison of maps of valorisation for water quality improvement purpose (Classification: Equal with/ 5cls) and the number of planned measures in SPU's according to chapter 3.2.2



FROGIS WEB APPLICATION

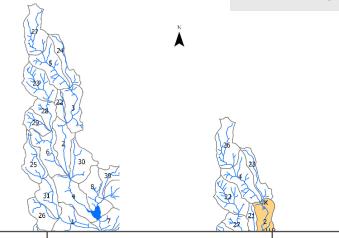








- River basin characteristics
- SPUs
- Goal maps
- Input data

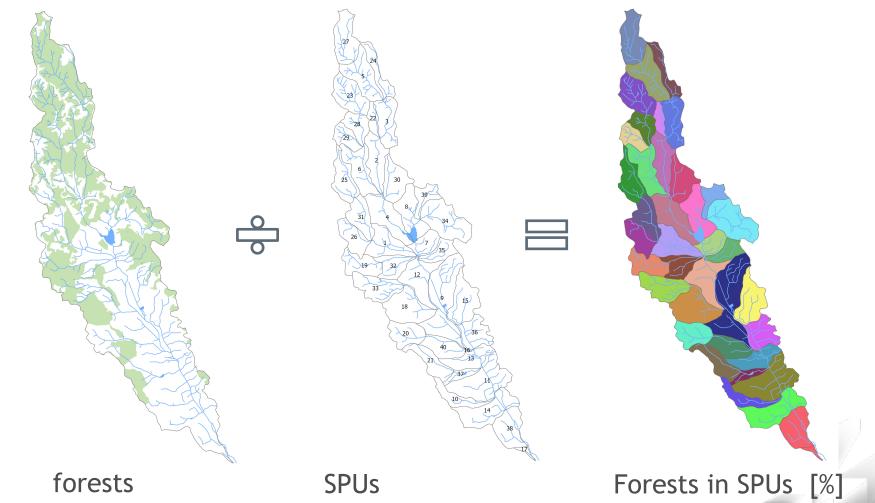


Name	Source	Data type	Accuracy
Soil data	SWME	polygon	1:10000
Lenght of Growing data	Geoportal for climate change	raster	
DEM	SWME	raster	10x10 m
Effektive infiltration of prepitation into groundwater	Slovak Geological Institute	polyline, point	
River network, Water reservoirs	SWME	polyline	1:10000
Protected areas	State nature Conservancy	polygone	
SPU	National dataset precised by SWME	polygon	1:50000
Land use	Corine Land Cover 2012	polygon	1:25000
Soil organic carbon content	http://soilgrids.org	raster	250x250 m





- Indicator values calculations







- Analysis of correlation between indicators

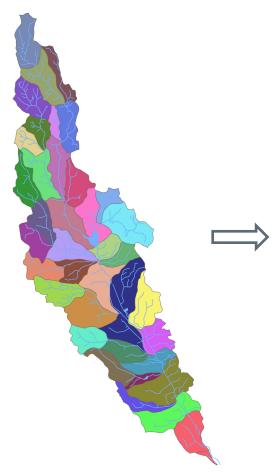
		ArableRatio	LandSlope	IWT	BFI	FloodRiskAreaRatio	DrainageD	LakeRatio	ForestRatio	LakeCatchRatio	NonForestedRatio	OrchVegRatio	MeanderRatio	UrbanRatio	RiverSlope
V	ArableRatio	-	-0.87	0.87	0.67	0.53	0.13	0.04	-0.95	-0.62	0.16	0.38	0.3	0.49	-0.76
Y	LandSlope	-0.87	-	-0.85	-0.66	-0.41	-0.04	-0.11	0.84	0.71	-0.12	-0.33	-0.09	-0.52	0.86
V	TWI	0.87	-0.85	349	0.56	0.65	0.3	0.08	-0.87	-0.56	-0.12	0.35	0.32	0.6	-0.69
abla	BFI	0.67	-0.66	0.56	¥	0.25	0.09	-0.32	-0.58	-0.85	0.08	0.3	0.02	0.41	-0.59
Y	FloodRiskAreaRatio	0.53	-0.41	0.65	0.25		0.43	-0.07	-0.47	-0.25	-0.35	0.09	0.29	0.08	-0.16
V	DrainageD	0.13	-0.04	0.3	0.09	0.43	-	-0.14	-0.15	-0.05	-0.4	-0.16	0.53	0.21	0.25
V	LakeRatio	0.04	-0.11	0.08	-0.32	-0.07	-0.14	-	-0.13	0.27	0.29	-0.01	-0.07	-0.04	-0.15
V	ForestRatio	-0.95	0.84	-0.87	-0.58	-0.47	-0.15	-0.13	-	0.57	-0.3	-0.5	-0.34	-0.57	0.78
\checkmark	LakeCatchRatio	-0.62	0.71	-0.56	-0.85	-0.25	-0.05	0.27	0.57	-	-0.12	-0.34	0.03	-0.39	0.61
\checkmark	NonForestedRatio	0.16	-0.12	-0.12	0.08	-0.35	-0.4	0.29	-0.3	-0.12		0.35	-0.08	-0.02	-0.36
\vee	OrchVegRatio	0.38	-0.33	0.35	0.3	0.09	-0.16	-0.01	-0.5	-0.34	0.35		0.02	0.42	-0.35
V	MeanderRatio	0.3	-0.09	0.32	0.02	0.29	0.53	-0.07	-0.34	0.03	-0.08	0.02	-	0.25	0.03
V	UrbanRatio	0.49	-0.52	0.6	0.41	0.08	0.21	-0.04	-0.57	-0.39	-0.02	0.42	0.25		-0.47
V	RiverSlope	-0.76	0.86	-0.69	-0.59	-0.16	0.25	-0.15	0.78	0.61	-0.36	-0.35	0.03	-0.47	-

	DrainageD	MeanderRatio	ForestRatio	LakeCatchRatio	LakeRatio	NonForestedRatio	RiverSlope	OrchVegRatio	UrbanRatio	FloodRiskAreaRati
DrainageD	-	0.53	-0.15	-0.05	-0.14	-0.4	0.25	-0.16	0.21	0.43
MeanderRatio	0.53	-	-0.34	0.03	-0.07	-0.08	0.03	0.02	0.25	0.29
ForestRatio	-0.15	-0.34	-	0.57	-0.13	-0.3	0.78	-0.5	-0.57	-0.47
LakeCatchRatio	-0.05	0.03	0.57		0.27	-0.12	0.61	-0.34	-0.39	-0.25
LakeRatio	-0.14	-0.07	-0.13	0.27	-	0.29	-0.15	-0.01	-0.04	-0.07
NonForestedRatio	-0.4	-0.08	-0.3	-0.12	0.29	-	-0.36	0.35	-0.02	-0.35
RiverSlope	0.25	0.03	0.78	0.61	-0.15	-0.36	-	-0.35	-0.47	-0.16
OrchVegRatio	-0.16	0.02	-0.5	-0.34	-0.01	0.35	-0.35	-	0.42	0.09
UrbanRatio	0.21	0.25	-0.57	-0.39	-0.04	-0.02	-0.47	0.42	-	80.0
EloodDiskAreaDatio	0.42	0.20	0.47	0.25	0.07	0.35	0.16	0.00	0.00	

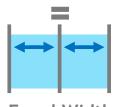




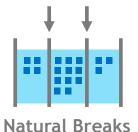




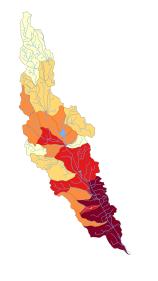
Forests in SPUs [%]

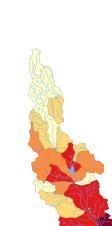








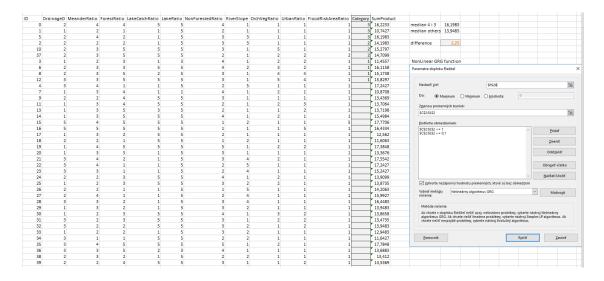








- Weights of indicators
- Constant weight = 1
- Variable weight = 0,1 1 (method of non-linear algorithm GRG)

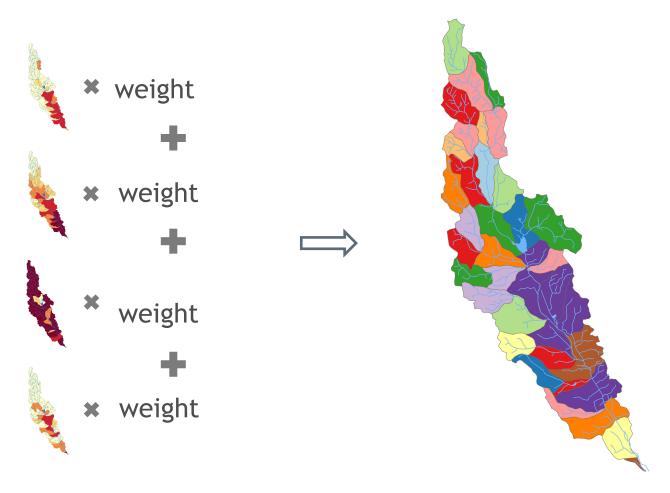


Short name indicator	Calculat	ted by Weight S	olver
	Equal width	Natural breaks	Quantile
DrainageD	0,2	0,3	0,4
FloodRiskAreaRatio	0,4	0,1	0,1
ForestRatio	0,4	0,4	0,1
LakeCatchRatio	0,1	0,1	0,1
LakeRatio	1,0	1,0	1,0
MeanderRatio	1,0	1,0	1,0
NonForestedRatio	0,8	1,0	1,0
OrchVegRatio	0,1	1,0	0,7
RiverSlope	1,0	0,1	0,9
UrbanRatio	0,1	0,1	0,1





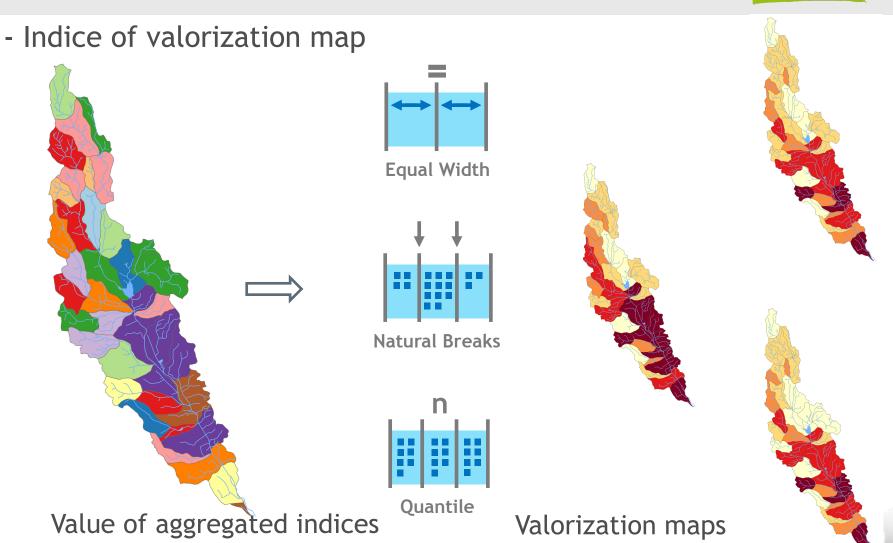
- Value of aggreagted indices of indicators





of indicators









SPU 40 - 3 classes

SPU 40 - 5 classes

SPU 80 - 3 classes

SPU 80 - 5 classes

	Equal width			N	atural brea	ks	Quantiles			
Errors	VarA.Wht01- VarA.Wht1	Goal- VarA.Wht1	Goal- VarA.Wht01	VarB.Wht01- VarB.Wht1		Goal- VarB.Wht01	VarC.Wht01- VarC.Wht1	Goal- VarC.Wht1	Goal- VarC.Wht01	
MAD	0,20	1,20	1,00	0,33	1,10	1,30	0,28	1,10	0,90	
MSE	0,20	2,20	1,80	0,33	1,90	2,10	0,28	1,90	1,70	
RMSE	0,45	1,48	1,34	0,57	1,38	1,45	0,52	1,38	1,30	
MAPE	(13,75%)	83,33%	75,00%	(25,00%)	80,00%	88,33%	16,67%	80,00%	71,67%	

	ı	equal width	ı	Na	atural brea	ks	Quantiles			
Errors	VarA.Wht01- VarA.Wht1	Goal- VarA.Wht1	Goal- VarA.Wht01	VarB.Wht01- VarB.Wht1		Goal- VarB.Wht01	VarC.Wht01- VarC.Wht1		Goal- VarC.Wht01	
MAD	0,73	1,90	1,70	0,83	2,30	1,80	0,93	2,30	1,90	
MSE	1,08	4,90	3,90	1,18	7,30	5,00	1,63	7,30	5,10	
RMSE	1,04	2,21	1,97	1,08	2,70	2,24	1,27	2,70	2,26	
MAPE	26,58%	143,33%	123,33%	40,42%	175,00%	133,33%	41,96%	175,00%	130,00%	

	(1	Equal width	1	N	atural brea	ks	Quantiles			
Errors	VarA.Wht01- VarA.Wht1	Goal- VarA.Wht1	Goal- VarA.Wht01	VarB.Wht01- VarB.Wht1		Goal- VarB.Wht01	VarC.Wht01- VarC.Wht1		Goal- VarC.Wht01	
MAD	0,39	1,00	0,91	0,41	1,27	1,27	0,25	1,36	1,18	
MSE	0,39	1,55	1,27	0,41	2,18	2,00	0,25	2,45	2,09	
RMSE	0,62	1,24	1,13	0,64	1,48	1,41	0,50	1,57	1,45	
MAPE	31,88%	65,15%	51,52%	27,50%	100,00%	93,94%	(18,13%)	109,09%	95,45%	

	ı	qual width	ı	N	atural breal	ks	Quantiles			
Errors	VarA.Wht01- VarA.Wht1		Goal- VarA.Wht01	VarB.Wht01- VarB.Wht1		Goal- VarB.Wht01	VarC.Wht01- VarC.Wht1		Goal- VarC.Wht01	
MAD	0,48	1,55	1,36	1,15	2,09	1,45	1,09	2,36	1,45	
MSE	0,58	3,00	2,82	2,00	5,55	2,36	2,19	7,45	3,45	
RMSE	0,76	1,73	1,68	1,41	2,35	1,54	1,48	2,73	1,86	
MAPE	20,40%	116,67%	110,61%	89,1%	166,7%	97,0%	46,40%	190,91%	109,09%	





FroGIS v.0.9.7-debug

E-LEARNING FRAMWAT METHODOLOGY MANUAL EXAMPLE DATA CHANGELOG LOGS



- INDICATOR VALUES
- SPACIAL PLANNING UNITS
- GOALS AND INDICATORS
- DATA INPUT
- INDICATORS CORRELATION MATRIX
- CONVERSION AND FINAL AGGREGATION METHOD
- GOAL VALORIZATION RESULT



CONCLUSIONS



- 1. The methodology is universal and can be used in various locations, but requires individual selection of indicators and valorization scales.
- 2. Valorisation enables taking into account natural/environmental conditions already at the initial stage of planning process.
- 3. Work in the GIS environment and possibility of selection of SPUs and of set of indicators, facilitate the analysis of the needs of small retention activities and introduces greater flexibility to planning tool.
- 4. The methodology is developed to be used for planning purposes not for developing/design of project, therefore, when designing specific activities or measures, the needs of water users and environmental protection requirements, including environmnetal flows, should be taken into account.
- 5. The quality of valorisation results depends on the quality and scale of the input data used, and the knowledge of the expert developing the valorisation. TAKING COOPERATION FORWARD

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!





Name: Framework for improving water balance and nutrient mitigation

by applying small water retention measures

Project acronym: FramWat Project code: CE983



https://www.interreg-central.eu/Content.Node/FramWat



framwat@levis.sggw.pl

<u>t.okruszko@levis.sggw.pl</u>, Tomasz Okruszko, Ignacy Kardel, WULS <u>monika.supekova@svp.sk</u>, Monika Supeková, Jozef Dobias, SVP, š. p.



Tomasz Okruszko - Project manager +421 911 522 044, Monika Supeková - Project manager for Slovak republic



www.facebook.com/FramWat/





